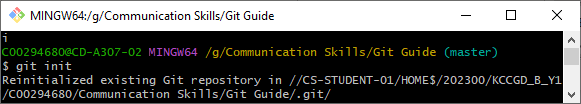
Git Guide

Ian Perez Bunuel

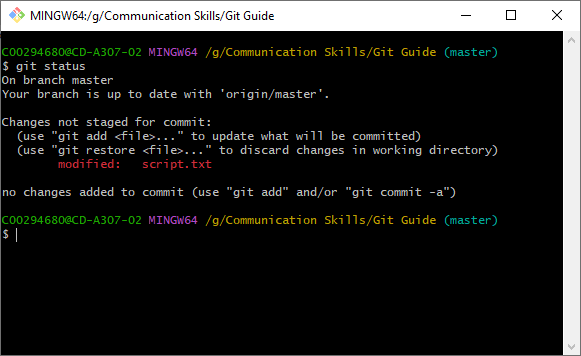
# git init

git init is used to create an empty repository in the folder where you have started Git bash.



# git status

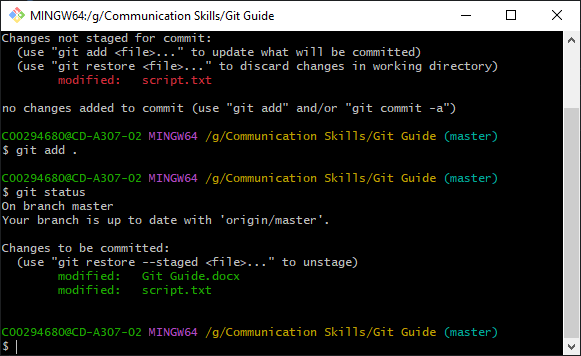
This command will show you what is on the stage and what is not. It will tell you if it was modified, deleted, ext.



# git add

git add . – this command will add every file in the repository to the stage. Instead of . you can type in the file name after the dot to specify which one you want to add.

This shows the files that were added using git status:



# git commit

git commit is used to put all the files in the staging area into a node. This node should have a note which is done by adding -m “note” after the git commit command.

